

Direction (1-5): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow.

Beijing now produces almost 15 billion pounds of municipal household waste each year; the landfill at Asuwei receives 7.2 million pounds. In an effort to deal with the growing amount of trash generated by China's expanding middle class and increasingly consumerist society, Beijing and other cities are building huge incinerators—including one close to the landfill in Asuwei. The people are worried; once fully operational, the new incinerator will reportedly burn 6 million pounds of garbage a day.

Environmental authorities have said the project passed the required assessments, but the residents are mistrustful, fearing the emissions that will come from the plant. "The environment cannot tolerate it, and our health would be at risk," a lady says. She maintains that everyone in the area is against the incinerator, though only a few—including herself—are taking action, organizing and participating in public protests. She spends a lot of time reading and analyzing reports and environmental assessments, trying to find a way to stop the incinerator from opening. China's leaders appear fearful that the many, small localized bands of discontented citizens will coalesce into a larger movement; it now spends more money on internal security, which includes managing and suppressing these protests, than it does on its military. The unification of what are now disconnected grassroots actions against specific pollution sources into a national environmental movement is perceived as a threat to the rule of the Communist Party. The Internet, used by activists and protesters as a tool for sharing information, is often quickly scrubbed of evidence of any protest actions or criticism of the government. Earlier this year, a documentary film on China's environmental ills received hundreds of millions of hits in just one week before being taken down by government censors, presumably out of fear that it could become China's Silent Spring moment, sparking a nationwide outcry. At the same time, citizens are fearful too—of the rash of toxins that threaten their lives, and of the government that has shown it is willing to punish those who dare complain about the threat. Nevertheless, complaining they are, in increasing numbers and with increasing boldness—and impact.

1. Which of the following best describes the central idea of the passage?
 - A. Growing economy of the country
 - B. Banning of Internet by the Government to stop interaction
 - C. Use of harmful chemicals by the Government plants
 - D. Extension of Government support to the harmful chemical plants
 - E. Ignorance and suppression of the growing environmental threat by the Government
2. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?
 - A. The industrialization process must be stopped in order to protect the environment.

B. The Government harasses the people who try to create awareness about the environment and engage in protests.

C. The Government is trying its best to curb pollution but it will take time to be effective.

D. The Government does not want to harm the citizens but it will take time to cut down on the rate of pollution.

E. The Government does not want to create unemployment problems thus cannot close down certain plants.

3. Which of the following is the major issue discussed in the passage?

A. The Government is supporting the growth of certain chemical plants which should be shut down keeping in mind the environmental issues.

B. The Government wants to suppress all the voices which have pointed out the fallacies in the economic policies.

C. The Government is treating the waste materials in a deleterious way that threatens the health of people.

D. The Government is practising the use of nuclear weapons on the citizens which has caused havoc in places.

E. The Government has chosen to stop all efforts for the cause of environmental upgradation.

4. Which of the following can be inferred from the given passage?

A. The citizens dare not complain against the Government as the number of people protesting is really less.

B. The Government has taken some initiatives to curb the pollution but they are not satisfactory.

C. The citizens are more concerned about losing their jobs so would not protest much.

D. The Government is too powerful to be complained against, hence no efforts are likely to bring about any change.

E. The citizens are complaining against all odds which makes it clear that they are concerned about the health threats that are lurking.

5. Which of the following can be inferred correctly from the line 'Earlier this year, a documentary film on China's environmental ills received hundreds of millions of hits in just one week'?

A. Instigating people against the government is on the process.

B. The use of Internet is high and any topic can be brought to the notice of the public through Internet.

C. The citizens of China are aware of the environmental degradation and have the mindset to protest against it.

D. Film making is a powerful force or tool that helps bring forth any issue.

E. The environment is seriously deteriorating in the country and is not a made up story.

Direction (6-7): In the given question, few sentences which are grammatically correct and meaningful are stated. Connect them to form pairs with the given word in the best possible way without changing the intended meaning. Choose the answer accordingly.

achieve non-forced compliance to influence the motives, incentives and decision making of groups and individuals. The claim is that nudges are at least as effective, if not more effective, than direct instruction, legislation, or enforcement. The concept is a relatively subtle policy shift that encourages people to make decisions that are in their broad self-interest. It's not about penalising people financially if they don't act in certain way. It's about making it easier for them to make a certain decision. A good recent example can be found in UK pension policy. In order to increase worryingly low pension saving rates among private sector workers the Government mandated employers to establish an 'automatic enrolment' scheme in 2012. This meant that workers would be automatically placed into a firm's scheme, and contributions would be deducted from their pay packet, unless they formally requested to be exempted. The theory was that many people actually wanted to put more money aside for retirement but they were put off from doing so by the need to make what they feared would be complicated decisions. The idea was that auto enrolment would make saving the default for employees, and thus make it easier for them to do what they really wanted to do and push up savings rates. In many areas of public policy the range of traditional tools to influence behaviour works well. For some social policy problems, however, influencing human behaviour is very difficult and complex, and the effectiveness of traditional approaches may be limited without some additional tools and understanding of how to engage citizens in cooperative behavioural change.

11. Which of the following can be inferred from the first few lines of the passage?
 - A. People fail to achieve certain objectives in life because they fail to think logically.
 - B. Politics exists in society because people fail to think with logic.
 - C. Driven by emotions, people involve themselves in terrible activities.
 - D. Dealing with people at times is easier because everyone is of the same kind.
 - E. Since human beings are not logical creatures influencing them has to be through emotions.
12. Which of the following can be inferred about the nudge theory often applied by the governments?
 - A. It helps to implement laws which are liked by the people.
 - B. It is perfect in many cases as it brings more participation on the people's part.
 - C. The chances of deceiving the people reduce a lot when using this theory.
 - D. The laws implemented using this theory often bring advantage to the government by misleading the people.
 - E. Financial decisions taken on this basis often become a problem and penalty for the people.

13. Which of the following is TRUE, according to the passage?
 - A. The efficacy of the policies on the basis of nudge theory is really low as they involve the minds of a large number of people.
 - B. The success of the policies implemented through this theory is higher than that of the direct policies which are enforced by the Government.
 - C. The decisions taken through this theory are solely people's decisions without anyone's influence.
 - D. The decisions taken through this theory seem to have been people's own decisions but they are actually influenced.
 - E. The evil behind the implementation of nudge theory should be understood.
14. Which of the following best describes the essence of the passage?
 - A. Emotions of people exploited by politicians
 - B. Deception of the people by the government using psychological tools.
 - C. The implementation of nudge theory and the associated problems.
 - D. The influence of politics in people's lives
 - E. Advantages of the nudge theory and its implementation in politics.
15. Which of the following was the main advantage of the UK pension policy of 2012?
 - A. It made people realize that decisions taken in haste do not yield to good results.
 - B. It helped the government to invest more on infrastructure and planning activities of an organization.
 - C. It encouraged people to save more money for their future without any fear or hesitation.
 - D. It helped the people to have a huge amount of money with higher interest rates.
 - E. It made people take complicated decisions and made the passive people think.
16. Direction: In the given question, four words are given of which two are most nearly the same or opposite in meaning. Find the two words and indicate your answer by marking the option which represents the correct combination.
 - A. Tormented
 - B. Agonised
 - C. Aroused
 - D. Removed

A. A – C	B. A – B
C. A – D	D. C – D
E. B – C	
17. Direction: In the given question, four words are given of which two are most nearly the same or opposite in meaning. Find the two words and indicate your answer by marking the option which represents the correct combination.
 - A. Fathomed
 - B. Devastated
 - C. Ruined
 - D. Abrupt

A. B – D	B. B – C
C. C – D	D. A – C
E. A – D	

18. Direction: In the given question, four words are given of which two are most nearly the same or opposite in meaning. Find the two words and indicate your answer by marking the option which represents the correct combination.
- A. Consent
B. Nascent
C. Emerging
D. Insecure
- A. A – C B. B – D
C. B – C D. A – D
E. A – B
19. Direction: In the given question, four words are given of which two are most nearly the same or opposite in meaning. Find the two words and indicate your answer by marking the option which represents the correct combination.
- A. Abundance
B. Incomparable
C. Projection
D. Plethora
- A. A – C B. A – B
C. C – D D. B – D
E. A – D

Direction(20-22): Read the five given statements carefully and answer the questions that follow.

- I. Increased prosperity oftentimes leads to trouble, for it creates expectations of power and status to go with it
- II. The problem was that the middle class artisans and farmers had little or no social status or political power to go with the expectation to fight in the phalanx.
- III. In many, usually the more commercial poleis such as Corinth, Megara, and Athens, some disgruntled and ambitious nobles used the frustrated middle class to seize power from the ruling aristocracy.
- IV. In order to maintain his popularity, the tyrant protected peoples' rights with a written law code, literally carved in stone, confiscated the lands of the nobles he had driven from power and redistributed them among the poor and provided jobs through building projects.
- V. However, the increased prosperity brought on by the tyrants only gave the people a taste for more of the same.

20. Which of the following statements can follow statement V?
- A. In the more agricultural poleis, the farmer-hoplites seem to have taken control more peacefully.
- B. This ethos of equality discouraged the accumulation of large fortunes and encouraged the rich to donate their services and wealth to the polis
- C. By the second or third generation, tyrants could not or would not meet those growing demands, and people grew resentful.
- D. Since it was the farmers who both declared war and fought it for the polis, they made sure that it was short and decisive so it would not disrupt their agricultural work or damage their crops.

- E. Eventually, this feedback of resentment and repression would lead to a revolution to replace the tyrants with a limited democracy.
21. Which of the following statements fits between II and III?
- A. Thus the sixth century B.C.E. saw a flourishing of Greek culture in such areas as architecture, sculpture, and poetry.
- B. Their frustration in more commercial poleis played itself out somewhat differently than in the more agricultural poleis, but ultimately with the same basic result.
- C. Pheidon, the ruler of Argos, was the first to use the new hoplite phalanx against Sparta, defeating it in the process.
- D. Such is the fuel of revolutions, and ancient Greece was no exception.
- E. People who have virtually nothing expect nothing more.
22. Which of the following statements can replace statement III?
- A. Being a very significant era the actions and policies had an everlasting effect on the society.
- B. Revolts broke out in small parts and it had to be subdued by the aristocracies.
- C. It was a period of social unrest and chaos and commotion characterized the era.
- D. Thus came the end of the era of aristocracies.
- E. The situation was utilized by the nobles and with the help of the middle class they rose to powerful positions overthrowing the aristocracies.
23. Which of the following structures of the given words best represents a grammatically and meaningfully coherent sentence?
- Purposes related to one's business specific and it also promotes is essential for greater staff training job satisfaction.
- A. For specific purposes related to staff training and one's business also promotes greater job satisfaction it is essential.
- B. Greater job satisfaction for specific purpose is essential to one's business and it also promotes related staff training.
- C. Staff training is essential for specific purposes related to one's business and it also promotes greater job satisfaction.
- D. Related staff training to one's business for specific purposes also promotes and it is essential for greater job satisfaction.
- E. Specific and greater job satisfaction purposes related to one's business is for essential greater purposes training staff.
24. Direction: Arrange the given sentences sequentially to form a grammatically correct and coherent sentence.
- The outcome of World War II had a greater extent than World War I and seemed to merely plant the seeds for another great power conflict. The battle lines were drawn when the Soviet Union created an Iron Curtain stretching across most of Central and Eastern Europe.
- A. The outcome of World War II had a greater extent than World War I and seemed to merely plant the seeds for another great power conflict

when the battle lines were drawn when the Soviet Union created an Iron Curtain stretching across most of Central and Eastern Europe.

B. As the outcome of World War II had a greater extent than World War I and seemed to merely plant the seeds for another great power conflict the battle lines were drawn when the Soviet Union created an Iron Curtain stretching across most of Central and Eastern Europe.

C. The outcome of World War II had a greater extent than World War I and seemed to merely plant the seeds for another great power conflict as the battle lines were drawn when the Soviet Union created an Iron Curtain stretching across most of Central and Eastern Europe.

D. When the outcome of World War II had a greater extent than World War I and seemed to merely plant the seeds for another great power conflict, the battle lines were drawn when the Soviet Union created an Iron Curtain stretching across most of Central and Eastern Europe.

E. None of these

25. **Direction:** In the given sentence, some parts are printed in bold while some are not. The parts printed in bold are correct and need no improvement. The parts which are not printed in bold may or may not be correct. Choose the part which is incorrect and needs improvement.

China will either shut down or **curtail operations** at dozens of steel plants from November 2017, over the next five months for an aggressive action plan **to reduce winter pollution** in Beijing and its surrounding areas.

A. will either shut down

B. **curtail operations** at dozens of

C. for an aggressive action plan

D. plan **to reduce winter pollution** in

E. Beijing and its surrounding areas.

26. **Direction:** In the given sentence, some parts are printed in bold while some are not. The parts printed in bold are correct and need no improvement. The parts which are not printed in bold may or may not be correct. Choose the part which is incorrect and needs improvement.

A **ban came into effect** on 1 June 2008 that prohibits all supermarkets, department stores and shops throughout Kenya **from giving out free plastic bags**, therefore encouraging people to use cloth bags as during the ancient times.

A. A **ban came into effect** on

B. that prohibits all supermarkets, department stores

C. and shops throughout Kenya

D. **from giving out free plastic bags**, therefore encouraging

E. to use cloth bags as during the ancient times

27. **Direction:** In the given sentence, some parts are printed in bold while some are not. The parts printed in bold are correct and need no improvement. The parts which are not printed in bold may or may not be correct. Choose the part which is incorrect and needs improvement.

Safety officials **have been moving from province to province** shutting down factories as well as electricity and gas as they inspect the factories for meeting **emissions requirement that has** resulted in late and missed orders, increased costs, and could ultimately resulting in higher prices on US shelves.

A. Safety officials **have been moving from**

B. shutting down factories as well as electricity and gas

C. for meeting **emissions requirement that has** resulted

D. increased costs, and could ultimately

E. resulting in higher prices on US shelves.

28. **Direction:** Five statements are given at A, B, C, D and E. Among these, four statements are in a logical order and form a coherent paragraph/passage. From the given options, choose the option that does not fit into the theme of the passage.

A. Maharashtra's Vidarbha region has faced an immense developmental backlog and an acute agrarian crisis that has led to nearly 14,000 suicides of farmers in the last 16 years.

B. Since July this year, it is facing another kind of disaster with farm laborers and small farmers being hospitalized for symptoms of pesticide poisoning.

C. Considering the public outrage over farmer suicides and the state of agriculture, both the state and central governments ought to be extra vigilant about such occurrences.

D. One of the main reasons for the intense spraying of pesticide for cotton pests in July this year is explained by the findings of the CICR.

E. Pesticide dealers are central players and are not shy to promote and sell toxic pesticides to illiterate farmers.

Direction (29-35): In the following passage, there are blanks each of which has been numbered. These numbers correspond to the question numbers; against each question, five options with two words in each have been suggested (both the words should fit the given blank).

In good economic times as well as in bad, financial ___(###Q29###)___ can always strike. And when it does, people might have to ___(###Q30###)___ on housing, which is typically the largest household expense. However, cutting housing costs involves hard ___(###Q31###)___: moving can be expensive and ___(###Q32###)___, and living with family, friends, or strangers ___(###Q33###)___. Twice as many people would prefer downsizing than the next most popular actions of renting out part of their home to a roommate or housemate or moving to a more ___(###Q34###)___ neighbourhood. Far fewer people would take the more ___(###Q35###)___ of living in their car or not paying the rent or mortgage.

72. Which of the statement numbered (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F), if true could strengthen the statement?
- A. Only F
B. D and F
C. Only D
D. All of the above
E. None of the above

73. Directions: Questions in the form of inference/conclusions are based on the passages given below. The passage is followed by five inferences. You are required to examine each inference separately in the context of the passage and decide upon its degree of truth or falsity.
- The British people have spoken. The prime minister has resigned. Already, the consequences of what the voters said and why they said it have begun to reshape Britain's future in profound and potentially dangerous ways. The country has embarked on a perilous journey in which our politics and our economy must be transformed. The vote to leave the EU will challenge not only the government and politicians but all of us whose opinions have been rejected.

Britain's place in the world must now be rethought. That will demand the kind of debate about our alliances that we have not had since the Suez crisis forced a post-imperial reality on Britain. Once again, the country's very idea of itself will have to be reimagined too. The deep strains on the nation's fabric that are partly expressed as a pro-European Scotland, Northern Ireland – and London – and an anti-European England and Wales must be urgently addressed. And a new relationship with a Europe that is in no mood to be generous must be negotiated. As a gleeful Nigel Farage pointed out early on Friday, there are already voices from the populist right in Denmark, France and the Netherlands arguing for their own definitive vote. And while the Bank of England successfully steadied the City after dramatic early falls in the value of shares and a tumbling pound, these things will take careful management if they are not to translate into a new crunch on the banks, a recession or even – as George Soros warned earlier in the week – a sudden inability to finance the balance of payments.

The future of the United Kingdom will now be gravely affected because of recent events.

- A. The inference is definitely true, i.e., it properly follows from the statement of facts given.
B. The inference is probably true though not definitely true in the light of the facts given.
C. The data are inadequate i.e., from the facts given you cannot say whether the inference is likely to be true or false.
D. The inference is probably false though not definitely false in the light of the facts given.
E. The inference is definitely false i.e., it cannot possibly be drawn from the facts given or it contradicts the given facts.

Direction (74-78): Study the following information to answer the given questions.

Eight people are sitting in two parallel rows containing four people each, in such a way that

there is an equal distance between adjacent persons. In row 1 A, B, C and D are seated (but not necessarily in the same order) and all of them are facing south. In row 2 P, Q, R and S are seated (but not necessarily in the same order) and all of them are facing north. Therefore, in the given seating arrangement each member seated in a row faces another member of the other row. R sits second to the left of the person who faces A. S is an immediate neighbour of R. Only one person sits between A and D. One of the immediate neighbours of C faces Q. B does not sit at any of the extreme ends of the line.

74. Who amongst the following sits second to the right of the person who faces P?
- A. A
B. B
C. C
D. D
E. Cannot be determined
75. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on the given seating arrangement and thus form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?
- A. C
B. R
C. Q
D. P
E. D
76. Which of the following is true regarding C?
- A. C sits second to the right of D.
B. A sits on the immediate right of C.
C. S faces C.
D. D is an immediate neighbour of C.
E. The person who faces C is an immediate neighbour of R.
77. Who amongst the following faces R?
- A. A
B. B
C. C
D. D
E. Cannot be determined
78. Who amongst the following faces B?
- A. P
B. Q
C. R
D. S
E. Cannot be determined

Directions (79-83): Study the following information and answer:

Eight persons A, B, C, D E, F, G and H sit on the line and all of them face north direction but not necessarily in same order. All of them like different color viz. Red, Green, Blue, Yellow, Orange, White, Black and Violet but not necessarily in same order. The one who likes Blue color sits second to right of one who likes Green color. C likes orange color. A sits fourth to left of person who stays likes Violet color. D sits not adjacent to H. Neither A nor the person who likes Violet color sit on the extreme end of the line. B sits third to left of F. There is only one person sits between the G, who likes Red color and the person who likes Violet color. There are two persons sit between G and the one who likes Black color. H sits immediate left of one who likes Black color. There are two persons sit between H and F, who likes white color.

79. How many persons sit between A and B?
- A. One
B. Two
C. Three
D. Four
E. None

80. D likes which of the following color?
A. Green B. Yellow
C. Black D. Blue
E. None of these
81. Who among the following sits third to right of G?
A. D
B. The one who likes Violet color
C. The one who likes Black color
D. A
E. B
82. E likes which color?
A. Blue B. Green
C. Red D. Black
E. None of these
83. Who among the following sits immediate left of the person who likes White color?
A. D
B. G
C. D
D. The one who likes Orange color
E. None of these

Direction (84-87): Read the questions carefully and answer the following questions.

P@Q: P is to the west of Q; P is either 2 or 12 km west of Q.

P#Q: P is to the east of Q; P is either 2 or 12 km east of Q.

P\$Q: P is to the North of Q; P is either 5 or 9 km north of Q.

P&Q: P is to the south of Q; P is either 5 or 9 km south of Q.

P@\$Q: P is to the north west of point Q. (Note: Distance between P and Q is not known).

P#&Q: P is to the south east of Point Q. (Note: Distance between P and Q is not known).

84. P@Q, R#&Q, Q\$R. If the distance between P and R is 13 find the distance between Q and R?
A. 12 B. 2
C. 5 D. 9
E. None of these
85. U @Q, U\$T, T#S, R#T, which of the following cannot be the distance between S and R?
A. 14 B. 24
C. 4 D. 16
E. None of these
86. S@\$T, T@Z, X&Z; X is in which direction with respect to S?
A. North east B. South east
C. South west D. North west
E. None of these
87. S#&T, T#Q, R@\$Q; What is the position of R with respect to S?
A. North east B. North west
C. North D. South
E. South west

Direction (88-90): Read the questions carefully and answer the following questions.

More than 10 people were sitting in a circular row facing the centre. R is 3rd to the left of L. 2 People are sitting between S and R. P is 2nd to the right of Q. 1 people sitting between L and Q. Less than 2 people are sitting between S and P.

88. How many people are sitting in the circular arrangement?
A. 14 B. 16
C. 12 D. 18
E. None of these
89. What is the position L with respect to P?
A. Third to the left B. Third to the right
C. Fourth to the left D. Fifth to the right
E. None of these
90. 3 How many people are sitting between R and P in anti-clockwise direction?
A. 3 B. 4
C. 5 D. 6
E. 7

Direction (91-94): Study the information given below and answer the questions based on it.

There are 2 circles, inner circle and outer circle and a square. At first, eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting in inner circle and facing the centre. B is 2nd to the left of C. A sits opposite to B. One person sits between A and H. Two persons sit between H and G. G is not neighbor of A. D is 2nd to the left of G. F is not neighbor of H.

Now, one seated, there is a pack of 52 cards in front of them and some of them will pick one card at random and will change his/her position as per below instructions-

- 1) In case, the person who had drawn a card of hearts, he/she will move out to outer circle facing inside at the same position in which he was seated in inner circle.
- 2) In case, the person who had drawn a card of spade, he/she will remain at the same position, same inner circle but will change his face to outside the circle.
- 3) In case, the person who had drawn a card of club, he/she will move out to outer circle to the position 2nd to the left of his previous position facing inside.
- 4) In case, the person who had drawn a card of diamond, he/she will move out to the square table at corner no.1, 2nd person to draw a diamond card will move to corner no. 2 and so on.

- Now, here's how they pick cards-
- 1) E picks a card and found it an ACE of hearts.
 - 2) C picks a card and found it a 4 of club.
 - 3) H picks a card and found it a king of diamond.
 - 4) B picks a card and found it a queen of spade.
 - 5) D picks a card and found it a jack of diamond.
 - 6) F picks a card and found it a 7 of club.
91. After all the 6 cards are drawn, how many are seated in inner circle?
A. 0 B. 1
C. 2 D. 3
E. 4

92. How many persons between E and F?
A. None, as they are in different circle.
B. 1
C. 2
D. 3
E. 4
93. If A picks a card and found it to be a queen of diamond, now after this arrangement who is seated 2nd to the left of H?
A. A
B. D
C. E
D. None
E. F
94. If G picks a card of club and found it to be a king of club then who is immediate neighbor of G?
A. E
B. C
C. None
D. F
E. A

Direction (95-98): Read the following information and answer the questions.

A cricket match has to be organized in two areas – Rajnagar and Mirgarh. There are four batsmen- A, B, C and D where D is a Keeper batsman and there are five bowlers- P, Q, R, S and T where P is a special keeper and S is the only spinner among them. Selection of players has to be decided by following conditions.

Prize Money of players:-

A- 10 lakhs	P- 9 lakhs
B- 9 lakhs	Q- 7 lakhs
C- 8 lakhs	R- 8 lakhs
D- 7 lakhs	S- 10 lakhs
	T- 6 lakhs

- 1) There should always be a keeper behind the wickets.
2) The budget of Rajnagar is not more than 55 lakhs and the budget of Mirgarh is not more than 60 lakhs.
3) The pitch of Rajnagar supports fast bowlers so all fast bowlers must play in this match and wicket falls too quickly so more than two batsmen are required.
4) The spinner must play in the team of Mirgarh and more than two batsmen and at least two bowlers are playing in this team.
5) Those players who do not play in the first match must play in the second match.
6) The match rules are unconventional and number of players may vary in each match.
95. Who among the following must play in the match of Rajnagar?
A. D and P
B. B and S
C. D and P
D. D and T
E. None of these
96. P must play with which player?
A. B
B. D
C. R
D. T
E. S

97. If budget of Rajnagar lowers down to 45 lakhs, then which of the following player is not playing in this match?
A. Q
B. R
C. D
D. A
E. B
98. If all the batsmen must include in team of Mirgarh, then which of the following player will not play for this team?
A. Q
B. R
C. T
D. S
E. None of these
99. Direction: In each of the following question, two statements numbered I and II are given. There may be cause and effect relationship between the two statements. These two statement may be the effect of the same cause or independent causes. These statements may be independent causes without having any relationship. Read both the statements and decide which of the following answer choice correctly depicts the relationship between these two statements.
- I. The standard of living in the Indian setup has seen a sharp rise along with a marked increase in consumer spending over the past few years.
II. The gross domestic income has seen a fluctuation in the past few years which might not bode well for the Indian economy at large.
- A. Statement 1 is a cause and statement 2 is an effect.
B. Statement II is the cause and statement I is its effect.
C. Both the statements I and II are independent causes.
D. Both the statements I and II are effects of independent causes.
E. Both the statements I and II are effects of some common cause.
100. Statement : From Cochin to Shimla, the new culture vultures are tearing down acres of India's architectural treasures. Ancestral owners are often fobbed off with a few hundred rupees for an exquisitely carved door or window, which fetches fifty times that much from foreign dealers and yet more from the drawing room sophisticates of Europe and the US . The reason for such shameless rape of the Indian architectural wealth can perhaps, not wrongly, be attributed to the unfortunate blend of activist disunity and the local indifference.
- It can be inferred from the passage that
A. India provides a rich market for unscrupulous antique dealers.
B. Only Indians are not proud of their cultural heritage and are hungry for the foreign currency that is easily available in return of artifacts.
C. Most families have heirlooms which can be sold at high prices to Europeans and Americans.
D. The environment created by the meeting between activist disunity and local indifference is ideal for antique dealers to strive in India.
E. None of these

v) If there are two vowels in the word but not immediate then interchange its position and opposite both letter.

110. The code for the word 'philatelist'?
- A. 46%1*821768 B. 46%1*812678
C. 46%1*821678 D. 46%1*811678
E. None of these
111. Which of the following is the code for 'MUSIC BITE'?
- A. 26642 1266 B. 26732 1176
C. 26742 1186 D. 26632 1286
E. None of these
112. Addition of all independent numbers in the word 'your fairy tales'?
- A. 63 B. 64
C. 65 D. 66
E. None of these

Direction (113-115): In the following questions, the symbols %, @, #, \$, & and * are used with the following meaning as illustrated below:

P @ Q → P and Q
P % Q → Q is wife of P
P # Q → Q is daughter of P
P * Q → P is younger than Q
P \$ Q → Q is parent of P
P & Q → P and Q are siblings
R*S#T&V
S&R\$P@Q
T*V, U%S, P%Q
X&W\$R

113. If the age of X is 10 yr then what will be the expected age of W?
- A. 8 B. 14
C. 12 D. Cannot be determined
E. None of these
114. How T is related with P in the given condition?
- A. Son B. Daughter
C. Grand daughter D. Grand Son
E. None of these
115. If the age of T is 20 yrs then what may be the age of V?
- A. 13 B. 22
C. 18 D. 15
E. None of these