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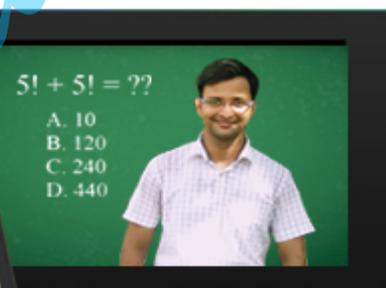
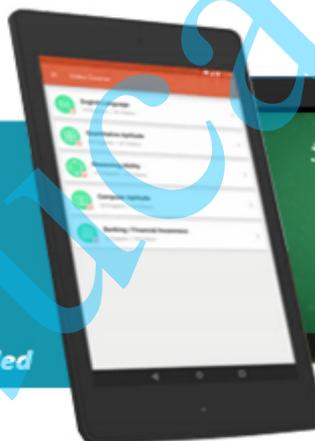
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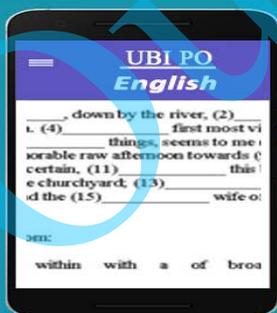


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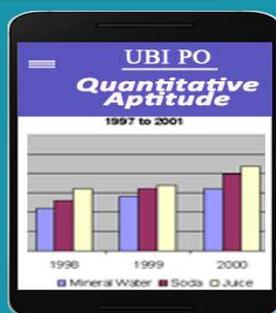


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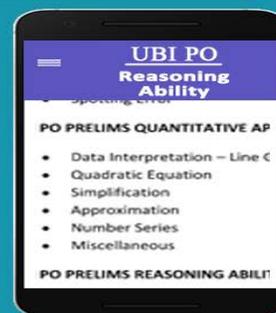
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UBI PO MANIPAL (MEMORY BASED)

Directions(1-5) Each question consist of two or three statements followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. Consider the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follow from the given statements using all statements together.

Mark your answer as,

- (a) If only conclusion I follows
- (b) If only conclusion II follows
- (c) If either conclusion I or conclusion II follows
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows
- (e) If both conclusion I and conclusion II follow

(1-2) Statements:
 All roses are flowers
 Some trees are roses
 Some flower are seeds

- 1. Conclusion :**
I. All trees being seeds is a possibility
II. Some roses are definitely not seeds.
- 2. Conclusion:****I.** Some flowers which are trees are also a part of seeds.
II. All seeds if they are trees then they must be a part of roses.

(3-4) Statements:
 Some blues are greens
 Some reds are blues
 All greens are whites

- 3. Conclusion :**
I. Some reds are neither blues nor whites is a possibility
II. All greens are reds is a possibility
- 4. Conclusion :**
I. Some whites are not reds
II. Some reds which are blue is also part of white.

(5-6)
Statements:
 All rocks are mountains
 No stone is mountain
 All stones are cements

- 5. Conclusion:****I.** Some mountains which are rocks is also part of cement.
II. No cement is rock
- 6. Conclusion:****I.** some stone are mountains.
II. No rocks are mountains.

Directions (7-11): Study the given information carefully to answer the given question:

Seven persons, namely L, M, N, O, P, Q and R will appear for a different exam but not necessarily in the same order, in seven different months (of the same year) namely January, February, April, May, July, September and December. Each of them also like colours viz. Red, White, Blue, Pink, Purple, Black and Green but not necessarily in the same order. O will appear for an exam in a month which has only 30 days. Only one person will appear between the one who likes Purple colours and O. the one who likes White colour will appear for an exam immediately before the one who likes Purple Colour. The one who likes Green colour will appear for an exam neither in the month which has 31 days nor in the month which has 30 days. Only two persons will appear for an exam between the one who likes Green colour and Q. M will appear for an exam immediately after Q and does not likes White Colour. R will appear for an exam immediately before N. P likes Black colour and appear for exam in December. The one who likes Red colour will appear for an exam in a month which has 31 days. O does not like Blue colour.

- 7. Which of the following colour does O like?**
 (a) Black (b) Green (c) Red
 (d) White (e) Pink
- 8. How many persons will appear for an exam between the months on which N and L will appear for an exam?**
 (a) One (b) None (c) Three
 (d) Two (e) More than three
- 9. As per the given arrangement, January is related to Pink colour and February is related to White colour following a certain pattern, with which of the following is July related to following the same pattern?**
 (a) Red colours (b) Green colours
 (c) Blue colours (d) Black colours (e) Purple colours
- 10. Which of the following represents the month in which L will appear for an exam?**
 (a) December (b) May (c) July



(d) September (e) cannot be determined

11. Which of the following represents the persons who will appear for an exam in January and December respectively?

- (a) N, P (b) N, M (c) R, P
(d) R, M (e) M, P

Directions (12-16): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

Eight Persons, A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting around a circular table facing the centre but not necessarily in the same order. Each one of them likes different Subjects viz. English, Civics, Biology, History, Geography, Mathematics, Chemistry and Hindi.

A sits third to right of the person who likes Hindi. Only two people sit between the person who likes Hindi and H. The persons who like the Geography and the Civics are immediate neighbours of each other. Neither A nor H likes Geography or Civics. The one who likes Geography is not an immediate neighbour of the person who likes Hindi. The person who likes English sits second to left of E.E is not an immediate neighbour of H. The person who likes English is an immediate neighbour of both the persons who like Mathematics and Chemistry. The person who likes Chemistry sits third to right of B. B does not likes Geography. C sits to the immediate right of the person who likes Biology. A does not likes Biology. F is not an immediate neighbour of A. G is not an immediate neighbour of the person who likes English.

12. Who amongst the following sits third to the left of E?

- (a) The one who likes English (b) G
(c) A
(d) The person who likes Chemistry (e) B

13. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on the given arrangement and thus form a group. Which is the one that **does not** belong to that group?

- (a) F-Biology (b) G-History
(c) D-English (d) A-Chemistry (e) B-Hindi

14. Who amongst the following is the person who likes History?

- (a) A (b) C (c) H
(d) G (e) D

15. Which of the following is **TRUE** with respect to the given seating arrangement?

- (a) The person who likes Mathematics is an immediate neighbour of the Geography
(b) G sits second to right of D
(c) The one who likes Mathematics and the Civics are immediate neighbours of each other
(d) The person who likes Biology sits to the immediate left of the person who likes Hindi
(e) The one who likes Mathematics sits second to the left of D

16. Which of the following Subjects does B likes?

- (a) Biology (b) English (c) Civics
(d) Geography (e) Chemistry

Directions (17-18): Study the given information carefully and answer the given questions.

A is the mother of B. B is the sister of C. D is the son of C. E is the brother of D. F is the mother of E. G is the granddaughter of A. H has only two children-B and C.

17. How is C related to E?

- (a) Father (b) Son
(c) Mother (d) Cousin Brother
(e) Cannot be determined

18. Who is mother of G?

- (a) C (b) B
(c) F (d) Either B or F
(e) Either C or F

Direction (19-20): Read the following information answer and the given questions:

Statement:- Prime Minister Narendra Modi unveiled the National Disaster Management Plan that seeks to provide a framework and direction to government agencies for prevention, mitigation and management of disasters. This is the first national plan since enactment of the Disaster Management Act in 2005.

The national plan, as per the Disaster Management Act, seeks to lay down the guidelines for preparation of state- level disaster management plans as well as plans by each central ministry and department.

- (I) The vision of the plan is to "make India disaster-resilient and significantly decrease the loss of life, livelihoods and assets.
(II) The plan incorporates priorities on strengthening disaster risk governance and lays down certain thematic areas : understanding risk, investing in disaster risk reduction and capacity development.
(III) These activities include early warning, evacuation of people and animals, search and rescue, medical care, housing and temporary shelters in scarcity-hit areas, relief employment and media relations.
(IV) The plan helps in maximizing the ability to cope with disasters at all levels of administration as well as communities.
(V) This is not beneficiary as huge amount of money has been implemented into this plan which may be further utilized in other projects.

19. Which of the following options can be inferred from the given statement ?

(a) Only I (b) Only II (c) Only I, II and III

(d) All except II (e) None can be inferred.

20. Which of the following options can be concluded from the above statement ?

(a) All except I (b) All except II (c) All except III

(d) All except II and V (e) None of these.

Directions (21-25) : Each of the questions below consists of a question and two statements numbered I and II given below it. You have to decide whether the data provided in the statements are sufficient to answer the question. Read both the statements and;

Give answer (a) if the data in statement I alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement II alone are not sufficient to answer the question.

Give answer (b) if the data in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement I alone are not sufficient to answer the question.

Give answer (c) if the data either in statement I alone or in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question.

Give answer (d) if the data even in both statements I and II together are not sufficient to answer the question.

Give answer (e) if the data in both statements I and II together are necessary to answer the question.

21. Who amongst L, M, N, O and P is the shortest.

I. O is shorter than P but taller than N.

II. M is not as tall as L.

22. Are all the five friends viz. Leena, Amit, Arun, Ali and Ken who are seated around a circular table facing the centre?

I. Leena sits second to left of Amit. Amit faces the centre. Arun sits second to right of Leena.

II. Ali sits third to the left of Ken. Ken faces the centre. Amit sits to the immediate left of Ali but Ken is not an immediate neighbour of Amit.

23. Is T grandmother of Q?

I. P is the mother of Q. Q is the son of R. R is the son of T.

II. L is father of N and N is daughter of T.

24. Point A is towards which direction from point B?

I. If a person walks 4m towards the north from point A, and takes two consecutive right turns, each after walking 4 m, he would reach point C, which is 8m away from point B.

II. Point D is 2m towards the east of point A and 4m towards the west of point B.

25. How many brothers does Bharat have?

I. Seela, the mother of Bharat has only three children.

II. Meena, the grandmother of Bharat has only one granddaughter.

26. Radio stations with radio data system (RDS) technology broadcast special program that only radios with an RDS feature can receive. Between 1994 and 1996, the number of RDS radio stations in Verdland increased from 250 to 600. However, since the number of RDS-equipped radios in Verdland was about the same in 1996 as in 1994, the number of Verlanders receiving the special program information probably did not increase significantly.

Which of the following **assumption** can be drawn from the above passage?

I. Few if any of the RDS radio stations that began broadcasting in Verdland between 1994 & 1996 broadcast to people with RDS-equipped radios living in areas not previously reached by RDS stations.

II. In 1996 most Verlanders who lived within the listening area of an RDS station already had a radio equipped to receive RDS.

III. Equipping a radio station with RDS technology does not decrease the station's listening area.

IV. In 1996 Verlanders who did not own radios equipped to receive RDS could not receive any programming from the RDS radio stations that began broadcasting in Verdland after 1994.

V. The RDS radio stations in Verdland in 1996 did not all offer the same type of programming.

(a) Only II & III follow (b) All follow except III (c) None follows except I

(d) Only V & II follow (e) none of these

Directions (27 - 31) : Study the following information to answer the given questions

Seven persons S, T, U, V, W, X, and Z are sitting in a straight line equidistant from each other (but not necessarily in the same order). Some of them are facing south while some are facing north.

(Note: Facing the same direction means, if one is facing north then the other also faces north and vice-versa. Facing the opposite directions means, if one is facing north then the other faces south and vice-versa)

S faces north. Only two people sit to the right of S. T sits third to the left of S. Only one person sits between T and X. X sits to the immediate right of W. Only one person sits between W and Z. Both the immediate neighbors of T face the same direction. U sits third to the left of X. T faces the opposite direction as S. V faces the same direction as W. Both Z and U face the opposite direction.

27. How many persons in the given arrangement are facing North?

(a) More than four (b) Four

(c) One (d) Three

(e) Two



28. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way, and so form a group. Which of the following does not belong to the group?
 (a) W, X (b) Z, U
 (c) T, S (d) T, U (e) V, U
29. What is the position of X with respect to Z?
 (a) Second to the left (b) Third to the right
 (c) Third to the left (d) Fifth to the right
 (e) Second to the right
30. Who amongst the following sits exactly between Z and W?
 (a) T (b) V
 (c) X (d) W (e) U
31. Who is sitting 2nd to the right of T?
 (a) Z (b) V (c) X
 (d) W (e) None.
32. The ancient Nubians inhabited an area in which typhus occurs, yet surprisingly few of their skeletons show the usual evidence of this disease. The skeletons do show deposits of tetracycline, an antibiotic produced by a bacterium common in Nubian soil. This bacterium can flourish on the dried grain used for making two staples of Nubian diet, beer and bread. Thus, tetracycline in their food probably explains the low incidence of typhus among ancient Nubians. Which of the following is an assumption can be drawn from the passage?
 I. Infectious diseases other than typhus to which the ancient Nubians were exposed are unaffected by tetracycline.
 II. Tetracycline is not rendered ineffective as an antibiotic by exposure to the process involved in making bread and beer.
 III. Typhus cannot be transmitted by ingesting bread or beer contaminated with the infectious agents of this disease.
 IV. Bread and beer were the only items in the diet of the ancients Nubians which could have contained tetracycline.
 V. Typhus is generally fatal.
 (a) None follows except II (b) Only III & V follow
 (c) Only III follows (d) All follow except I
 (e) None of these

Directions (33 – 37) : Study the given information carefully to answer the given questions :

In a certain code language, 'festival for women only' is written as 'pa ge bo xu'

'Provide peace to women' is written as 'wr dl nj ge'

'Women like to celebrate' is written as 'ge ct fx wr'

'Celebrate peace in festival' is written as 'dl bo sv ct'

(All codes are two letter codes only)

33. What may be the possible code for 'provide idea' in the given code language?
 (a) fx hy (b) xu bo
 (c) hy nj (d) nj xu (e) wr fx
34. What is the code for 'celebrate' in the given code language?
 (a) ct (b) wr
 (c) sv (d) dl (e) fx
35. In the given code language what does the code 'pa' stand for?
 (a) peace (b) either 'for' or 'only'
 (c) either 'women' or 'to'
 (d) celebrate (e) festival
36. What is the code for 'women' in the given code language?
 (a) bo (b) xu
 (c) ct (d) Other than those given as options
 (e) ge
37. If 'peace to mind' is coded as 'zg wr dl' in the given code language, then what is the code for 'mind in festival'?
 (a) zg bo dl (b) dl zg sv
 (c) zg nj wr (d) bo sv zg (e) sv wr bo
38. **Statement:** There is little that is surprising about India's recent refusal to allow Google to launch its street view service, which gives users a 360-degree view of public spaces. The proposal was rejected following objections raised by the Defence Minister.
 Which of the following objection(s) may not be a **probable reason(s)** for the above step taken by the government?
 (a) The decision is said to have come in the backdrop of the terror attack on the Pathankot airbase, with investigators suspecting that terrorists used Google maps to study the topography of the targeted area.
 (b) The concerns of the defence organizations should be taken into consideration.
 (c) India's security and stability should be given prime importance.

(d) We in India are not mature enough to permit such exploratory things threatening national security. We have more enemies inside than outside.

(e) All of the above.

39. **Statement:** Sociologists and political observers are of the opinion that making education qualification mandatory for election candidates would be discriminatory since that would naturally deprive citizens of India the right to represent their people. Institutional qualification, as they say, is different from political acumen and wisdom. In a country like India where about a quarter of 815 million eligible voters are illiterate, it would not be prudent to deny a politically aware and socially conscious individual the election ticket just because he/she doesn't have a minimum qualification.

Should "literacy" be the minimum criterion for becoming a voter in India?

Arguments:

I. No, Mere literacy is no guarantee of political maturity of an individual.

II. Yes, Illiterate people are less likely to make politically wiser decisions of voting for a right candidate or party.

III. No, Voting is the constitutional right of every citizen.

- (a) None is strong
(b) Only I and II are strong
(c) Only III is strong
(d) Only II and III are strong
(e) All are strong

40. To improve the employment situation in India, there is a need to recast the present educational system towards implementation of scientific discoveries in daily life.

Which of the following is/are **implicit** in the above statement?

- (a) The students after completing such education may be able to earn their livelihood.
(b) This may bring meaning of education in the minds of the youth.
(c) The state may earn more revenue as more and more people will engage themselves in self-employment.
(d) Both I and II are implicit
(e) All are implicit

Directions (41-42) Study the following information carefully to answer these questions.

Rahul starts running from point P and run 10 km towards North. he takes a right turn and runs 15 km. he now runs 6 km after taking a left turn. finally he takes a left turn, runs 15 km and stops at point Q.

41. How far is point Q with respect to point P?

- (a) 16 km (b) 25 km
(c) 4 km (d) 0 km (e) None of these

42. Towards which direction was the Rahul moving before it stopped at point Q?

- (a) North (b) East
(c) South (d) West (e) North - West

Directions (43-47): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions. A word and number arrangement machine when given an input line of words and numbers rearranges them following a particular rule in each step. The following is an illustration of input and rearrangement (All the numbers are two digit numbers)

Input: rich 93 fast smart 42 heavy 59 small 76 bright 39 65

Step I : 94 brightest rich fast smart 42 heavy 59 small 76 39 65

Step II : 77 fastest 94 brightest rich smart 42 heavy 59 small 39 65

Step III: 66 heaviest 77 fastest 94 brightest rich smart 42 59 small 39

Step IV : 60 richest 66 heaviest 77 fastest 94 brightest smart 42 small 39

Step V : 43 smallest 60 richest 66 heaviest 77 fastest 94 brightest smart 39

Step VI: 40 smartest 43 smallest 60 richest 66 heaviest 77 fastest 94 brightest

Step VI is the last step of the above arrangement.

As per the rules followed in the steps given above, find out in each of the following questions the appropriate step for the given input.

Input: healthy 26 32 long cheap 90 tall 72 great 64 bit 53

43. How many steps will be needed to complete the rearrangement?

- (a) Four (b) Five (c) Six
(d) Seven (e) None of these

44. Which of the following step would be step IV?

- (a) 54 healthiest 65 greatest cheapest 73 91 bitest 26 32 long tall
(b) 65 greatest 73 cheapest 91 bitest healthy 26 32 long tall 53
(c) 33 longest 54 healthiest 65 greatest 73 cheapest 91 bitest 26 tall



- (d) 54 healthiest 65 greatest 73 cheapest 91 bitest 26 32 long tall
(e) None of these
45. Which of the following would be at 7th position from the right in step V?
(a) 73 (b) 65 (c) cheapest
(d) greatest (e) healthiest
46. In step V of the rearrangement if '26' is related to 'longest' and '91' is related to 'healthiest' in a certain way, which of the following would 'greatest' be related to following the same pattern?
(a) 65 (b) 73 (c) cheapest
(d) 54 (e) None of these
47. Which step would be the following output?
"65 greatest 73 cheapest 91 bitest healthy 26 32 long tall 53"
(a) There will be not such step.
(b) VI (c) II
(d) V (e) III
48. How many such pairs of letters are there in the word EXAMINATION, each of which has as many letters between them in the word, as they have in the English alphabet?
(a) None (b) One
(c) Two (d) Three (e) More than three
49. In a certain code HUMANITY is written as BNVIZUJO in the same way POSSIBLE is written as TTPQFMCJ than How is EQUATION written in that code?
(a) BVRFJPQ (b) BVRFOPJU
(c) BUVJPRFO (d) BVJURFPO (e) None of these
50. The position of how many digits in the number 54327618 will remain unchanged if the digits within the number are written in ascending order from left to right?
(a) None (b) One (c) Two
(d) Three (e) None of these

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